

- 1. solar or sun
- 2. PV arrays produce no pollution, just electricity. They also reduce the amount of carbon dioxide, sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxide released into the environment. This helps to reduce smog, acid rain and global warming gasses.

3.

- 4. Soft feathers for silent flight, excellent eyesight and hearing, sharp claws or talons.
- 5. Most of the animals exhibited are here because they are unable to survive in the wild. Some are orphans and others were injured.
- 6. With their senses of smell and touch.
- 7. No we need soil to survive because plants depend on soil to grow. We eat plants and we eat animals that eat plants.
- 8. An ecotone is the edge between two natural communities.
- 9. Hearing (large ears) and smell (long, pointed nose).
- 10. Nocturnal
- 11. Camouflage
- 12. Rabbits, mice, rats, and other small animals.
- 13. Retractable Claws
- 14. 30 feet from a standing position
- 15. Fungus and algae.
- 16. No only males have antlers.
- 17. By the amount of wear on the deer's teeth.
- 18. Plants
- 19. Waterproof fur, tail for use as a propeller, webbed feet, streamlined body, valves in ears and nose, whiskers for finding food, powerful jaws and teeth.
- 20. lakes, ponds, marshes, swamps, rivers
- 21. egg, larva, pupa, adult
- 22. striped skunk, raccoon, opossum, human
- 23. earthworms, sowbugs, millipedes, groundhog, salamanders, ants
- 24. Insects, carrion, fish, berries, honey, plants

- 25. American black bears.
- 26. Beaks
- 27. True
- 28. False they migrate to southern coastal waters.
- 29. Loss of habitat due to human activity, increase in raccoon and gull populations, speedboat traffic, separating young from adults, young hit by speedboats.
- 30. Talons and a sharp, curved beak
- 31. Great Horned owl
- 32. Roots of wetland plants hold the soil in place.
- 33. otter, fish, frogs, newts, salamanders, beaver